GROUP 11 FUNGICIDE

USE AS A BROAD SPECTRUM FUNGICIDE FOR CONTROL OF LISTED PLANT DISEASES ON LABELED CROPS

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:				% BY WT.
Azoxystrobin: methyl (E)-2-{2-[6-(2-cyand	ophenoxy) pyrimidin-	-4-yloxy]phenyl	 -3-methoxyacrylate 	e* 22.9%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:				77.1%
TOTAL:				100.0%
Contains 2.08 lbs. of active ingredient per gallon.				

*IUPAC

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you **DO NOT** understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

EPA Reg. No.: 89168-41-89391









	FIRST AID	
If Swallowed:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
If On Skin Or Clothing:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378 seven days a week, 6:30 am to 4:30 pm Pacific Time or your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemically resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber or butyl rubber
- Shoes plus socks

USER SAFETY REQUIRMENTS

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

IMPORTANT: When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "applicators and other handlers" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment breakdown.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users Should:

- . Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Azoxystrobin is toxic to freshwater and estuarine/marine fish and aquatic invertebrates. Azoxystrobin can be persistent for several months or longer.

DO NOT discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. **DO NOT** discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously polifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or regional office of the EPA.

For terrestrial uses: D0 NOT apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

GROUND WATER ADVISORY

Azoxystrobia and a degradate of azoxystrobin are known to leach through soil to ground water under certain conditions as a result of label use. This chemical may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

SURFACE WATER ADVISORY

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of azoxystrobin and a degradate of azoxystrobin from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

Notify State and/or Federal authorities and INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC immediately if you observe any adverse environmental effects due to use of this product.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

DO NOT allow contact with oxidizing agents. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Failure to follow the use directions and precautions on this label may result in plant injury or poor disease control.

Use of this product through airblast application equipment on grapes is prohibited in the following townships and boroughs of Erie County, Pennsylvania:

North East, Harborcreek, Lawrence Park, Erie, Presque Isle, Millcreek, Fairview, Girard and Springfield

This prohibition is intended to help eliminate phytotoxicity problems with apples observed in this geographic location.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE USE DIRECTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN PLANT INJURY OR POOR DISEASE CONTROL

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USES

Commercial turf farm use (Not for use in California).

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains never training, deconfamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REII) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- . Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber or butyl rubber
- · Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USES

Golf Courses (Not for use in California).

For use to control diseases on turf on golf courses, lawns and landscape areas around residential, institutional, public, commercial and industrial buildings, parks, recreational areas and athletic fields.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are **NOT** within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

DO NOT treat areas while unprotected humans or domestic animals are present in the treatment areas.

Because certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

DO NOT allow entry into treatment area until area that was treated with this product is dry.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

TREVO FUNGICIDE is a broad spectrum, preventative fungicide with systemic and curative properties recommended for the control of many important plant diseases. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied as a foliar spray in alternating spray programs or in family mixes with other registered crop protection products. All applications must be made according to the use directions that follow.

RESTRICTIONS

DO NOT graze or feed clippings from treated turf areas to animals.

DO NOT use for disease control in food crops grown in greenhouses.

DO NOT spray *TREVO FUNGICIDE* where spray drift may reach apple trees.

DO NOT spray when conditions favor drift beyond area intended for application. Conditions which may contribute to drift include thermal inversion, wind speed and direction, sprayer nozzle/ pressure combinations, spray droplet size, etc. Contact your State extension agent for spray drift prevention guidelines in your area.

DO NOT use spray equipment which has been previously used to apply *TREVO FUNGICIDE* to spray apple trees. Even trace amounts can cause unacceptable phytotoxicity to certain apple and crabapple varieties.

PRECAUTIONS

TREVO FUNGICIDE is extremely phytotoxic to certain apple varieties.

AVOID SPRAY DRIFT. Extreme care must be used to prevent injury to apple trees (and apple fruit).

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

TREVO FUNGICIDE may demonstrate some phytotoxic effects when mixed with products that are formulated as ECs. These effects are enhanced if applications are made under cool, cloudy conditions and these conditions remain for several days following application. In addition, adjuvants that contain some form of silicone have also contributed to phytotoxicity.

USE INSTRUCTIONS

Application: Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control. Make no more spray solution than is needed for application. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may occur.

Adjuvants: When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, the use of an adjuvant that meets the standards of the Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA) adjuvant certification is recommended.

Efficacy: Under certain conditions conducive to extended infection periods, use another registered fungicide for additional epplications (if-maximum amount of TREVO FUNGICIDE has been used. If resistant isolates to Group 11 fungicides are present, efficacy can be reduced for certain diseases. The higher rates in the rate range and/or shorter spray intervals may be required under certain conditions of heavy infection pressure, with highly susceptible varieties, or when environmental conditions are conducive to disease.

INTEGRATED PEST (DISEASE) MANAGEMENT

TREVO FUNGICIDE should be integrated into an overall disease and pest management strategy whenever the use of a fungicide is required. Cultural practices known to reduce disease development should be followed. This should include selection of varieties with disease tolerance, emoval of plant debts in which inoculums overwinters, and proper timing and placement of irrigation. Consult your local agricultural authorities for additional IPM strategies established (or your area. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be used in State Agricultural Extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which recommend application timing based on environmental factors (avorable for disease development.

Crop Tolerance: Plant tolerance has been found to be acceptable for all crops on the label, however, not all possible tank-mix combinations have been tested under all conditions. When possible, it is recommended to test the combinations on a small portion of the crop to ensure that a phytoxic response will not occur as a result of application. See the PRECAUTIONS section for apple phytotoxicity information.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

GROUP	11	FUNGICIDE

TREVO FUNGCIDE (azoxystrobin) is a Group 11 fungicide. The mode of action for TREVO FUNGCIDEs the inhibition of the Qol (guinone outside) site within the electron transport system [Group 11]. Fungal pathogens can develop resistance to products with the same mode of action when used repeatedly. Because resistance develop cannot be predicted, use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the crop and use area. Consult your local or State agricultural authorities for resistance management strategies that are complementary to those in this label. Resistance management strategies may include alternating and/or tank-mixing with products having different modes of action or limiting the total number of applications per season. Syngenta encourages responsible resistance management to ensure feetive long-term control of the fungal diseases on this label.

Follow the crop specific resistance management recommendations in the directions for use.

If no resistance recommendation on number of applications is specified in the directions for use, follow the recommendations in the table below.

If planned total number of fungicide applications per crop is:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Recommended Solo Qol fungicide sprays	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	4
Recommended Qol fungicide sprays in mixture (tank-mix formulated)	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6

In situations requiring multiple sprays, develop season long spray programs for Group 11 (00) fungicides. In crops where two sequential Group 11 fungicide applications are made, they should be alternated with two or more applications of a fungicide that is not in Group 11.

If more than 12 applications are made, observe the following guidelines:

- When using Qol fungicide as a solo product, the number of applications must be no more than 1/3 (33%) of the total number of fungicide applications per season.
- For Qol mixes in programs in which tank mixes or pre mixes of Qol with mixing partners of a different mode of action are utilized, the number of Qol containing applications must be no more than ½ (50%) of the total number of fungicide applications per season.
- In programs in which applications of Qol are made with both solo products and mixtures, the number of Qol containing applications must be no more than ½ (50%) of the total number of (ungicide applications per season.

If Group 11 fungicide is applied to the seed or soil, **DO NOT** make another application with a Group 11 fungicide for at least 3 weeks.

ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS

The following crops may be planted at the specified interval following application of this product.

Crop Rotational Interval

	Plant Back Interval
Buckwheat, millet	12 months
All other crops with Azoxystrobin registered uses	0 days

SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL

For those crops that have specific use directions for soilborne disease control: TREVO FUNGICIDE can provide control of many soilborne diseases if applied early in the growing season. Specific applications for soilborne diseases include in-furrow applications and banded applications applied over the row, either shortly after plant emergence or during herbicide applications or cultivation. These applications will provide control of pre- or postemergence damping off and diseases that infect plants at the soil-plant interface.

The use of either type of application depends on the cultural practices in the region. In some locations, one type of application may provide better disease control that the other, depending on the timing of the disease epidemic. Seedling diseases are generally controlled by in-furrow applications while banded applications are more effective against soilborne diseases that develop later in the season. Consult your local expert to get some guidance regarding application type.

Under cool, wet conditions, crop injury from soil directed applications can occur.

BANDED

- Apply TREVO FUNGICIDE prior to infection as a directed spray to the soil, using single or multiple nozzles, adjusted to provide thorough coverage of the lower stems and the soil surface surrounding the plants.
- Band width should be limited to 7 inches or less.
- Apply TREVO FUNGICIDE at a rate of 0.40-0.80 fl. oz. product (0.10-0.20 oz. a.i.)/1000 row feet. For banded applications on 22-inch rows, the maximum application rate is 0.70 fl. oz./1000 row feet.
- These applications come into contact with the foliage and are counted as foliar applications when considering resistance management.
- They may be applied during cultivation or hilling operations to provide soil incorporation.

IN-FURROW

- Apply TREVO FUNGICIDE as an in-furrow spray in 3-15 gallons of water at planting.
- Mount the spray nozzle so the spray is directed into the furrow just before the seeds are covered.
- Use the higher rate when the weather conditions are expected to be conducive for disease development, if the field has a history of Pythium problems, or if minimum/low till programs are in place.

IN-FURROW APPLICATION RATES

RATE PER 10	00 ROW FEET		PRODUCT PER ACRE (fi. oz.)					
Fl. oz. product	0z. a.i.	22" Rows	30" Rows	32" Rows	34" Rows	36" Rows	38" Rows	40" Rows
0.40	0.10	9.5	7.0	6.5	6.1	5.8	5.5	5.2
0.60	0.15	14.3	10.5	9.8	9.2	8.7	8.3	7.8
0.80	0.20		14.0	13.0	12.2	11.6	11.0	10.4
22" = 23,760 row f	ft., 30" = 17,424 rov	v ft., 32" = 16,315 rd	ow ft., 34" = 15,374	row ft,, 36" = 14,52	20 row ft., 38" = 13,7	754 row ft., and 40"	= 13,068 row ft./Aci	re

DRIP

Refer to the Application Instructions Through Irrigation System section.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

To avoid spray drift, DO NOT apply when conditions (avor drift beyond the larget area. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR AND THE GROWER

ATTENTION

TREVO FUNGICIDE is extremely phytotoxic to certain apple varieties.

AVOID SPRAY DRIFT. Extreme care must be used to prevent injury to apple trees (and apple fruit).

DO NOT spray TREVO FUNGICIDE where spray drift may reach apple trees.

DO NOT spray when conditions favor drift beyond area intended for application. Conditions which may contribute to drift include thermal inversion, wind speed and direction, sprayer nozzle/ pressure combinations, spray droplet size, etc. Contact your State extension agent for spray drift prevention guidelines in your area.

DO NOT use spray equipment which has been previously used to apply *TREVO FUNGICIDE* to spray apple trees. Even trace amounts can cause unacceptable phytotoxicity to certain apple and crabapole varieties.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas to non-target aquatic habitat.

MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS

Spray Equipment

TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied with all types of spray equipment commonly used for making ground and aerial applications. Proper adjustments and calibration of spraying equipment to give good canopy penetration and coverage is essential for good disease control.

Nozzles

- · Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application.
 - Nozzles should be the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom.
- Calibrate sprayer before use
- It is suggested that screens be used to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging.
- Screens placed on the suction side of the pump should be 16-mesh or coarser.
- DO NOT place a screen in the recirculation line.
- Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles.
- Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

Pump

- Use a pump with capacity to:
 - 1. Maintain 35-40 psi at nozzles
 - 2. Provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension this requires recirculation of 10% of tank volume per minute.
- Use a jet agitator or liquid sparge tube for agitation.
- DO NOT air sparge.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturers and state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural recommendations.

Mixing Instructions

- TREVO FUNGICIDE is a suspension concentrate (SC) formulation.
- Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate operation.
- Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product.
- Agitate the spray solution before and during application.
- Rinse spray tank thoroughly with clean water after each day's use and dispose of pesticide rinsate by application to an already treated area.

TREVO FUNGICIDE Alone (No Tank Mix)

- Add 1/2 2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add TREVO FUNGICIDE to the tank.
- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water.
- Begin application of the spray solution after TREVO FUNGICIDE has completely dispersed into the mix water.
- Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been sprayed.

TREVO FUNGICIDE + Tank Mixtures: TREVO FUNGICIDE is usually compatible with all tank-mix partners listed on this label. To determine the physical compatibility of TREVO FUNGICIDE with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add, the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt, of water. Add wettable powders and water dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingred feminists to the spray tank.

TREVO FUNGICIDE has demonstrated some phytotoxic effects when mixed with products that are formulated as emulsifiable concentrates (EC). These effects are enhanced if applications are made under cool, cloudy conditions and these conditions remain for several days following application. In addition, adjuvants that contain some form of silicone have also contributed to phytotoxicity.

Mixing in the Spray Tank

- Add 1/2 2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add the tank-mix partner(s) into the tank in the same order as described above.
- Allow the material to completely dissolve and disperse into the mix water. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water and TREVO FUNGICIDE to the spray tank.
- Allow TREVO FUNGICIDE to completely disperse.
- Spray the mixture with the agitator running.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS (CHEMIGATION)

Application Through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation)

- Use only on crops for which chemigation is specified on this label.
- Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems.
 DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation systems.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- Apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/acre. Excessive water may reduce efficacy.
- If you have guestions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- DÓ NOT connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system, unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Spray Preparation: Chemical tank and injector system should be thoroughly cleaned. Flush system with clean water.

Drip Irrigation: TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied through drip irrigation systems for soilborne disease control. The soil should have adequate moisture capacity prior to drip application. Terminate drip irrigation at fungicide depletion from the main feed supply tank or after 6 hours from start, whichever is shorter. For maximum efficacy, subsequent irrigation (water only) should be delayed for at least 24 hours following drip application.

Sprinkler Irrigation

- Apply this product through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side [wheel] roll, traveler, big qun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems.
- DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system except as specified on this label.
- Apply with center pivot or continuous-move equipment distributing ½ acre-inch or less during treatment.
- In general, use the least amount of water required for proper distribution and coverage.
- If stationary systems (solid set, handlines or wheel lines other than continuous move) are used, this product should be injected into no more than the last 20-30 minutes of the set.
- DO NOT apply when winds are greater than 10-15 mph to avoid drift or wind skips.
- DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- Plant injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform treated water.
- Thorough coverage of foliage is required for good control.
- Good agitation should be maintained during the entire application period.

If you have questions about calibration you should contact State Extension Service specialist, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Operating Instructions

- 1. DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from backflow.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 6. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 7. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- 9. DO NOT connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment

NOTES: (1) Use only with drive systems which provide uniform water distribution. (2) DO NOT use end guns when chemigating TREVO FUNGICIDE through center pivot systems because of non-uniform application.

- . Determine the size of the area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply 1/8-1/2 inch of water over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as specified by the
 equipment manufacturer. When applying TREVO PONGICIDE through irrigation equipment, use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Run the
 system at 80-95% of the manufacturer's rated caractin.
- Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of TREVO FUNGICIDE required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- . Add the required amount of TREVO FUNGICIDE and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements to the solution tank.
- Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the TREVO FUNGICIDE solution. Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Continue to operate the system until the TREVO FUNGICIDE solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

Solid Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment

- Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers.
- Fill injector solution lank with water and adjust flow rate to use the contents over a 20 to 30-minute interval. When applying TREVO FUNGICIDE through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution.
- Determine the amount of TREVO FUNGICIDE required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of TREVO FUNGICIDE into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period.
- Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the TREVO FUNGICIDE solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

Specific Instructions for Public Water Systems

- 1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional reduced-pressure zone, back-flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. **DO NOT** apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

HISE INSTRUCTIONS

alternata) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum acutatum) Leaf Bilght (Seimatosporium lichenicola) Leaf Rust (Transschelia discolor) Scab (Cladosporium carpophilum) Shot Hole (Wilsonomyes carpophilus) Brown Rot Blossom Bilght (Monilinia laxa, M fructicola) 12:0-15.5 (0.20-0.25) 12:0-17.5 0.20-0.25) 12:0-17.5 0.20-0.25) 13:0-17.5 0.20-0.25) 14:0-17.5 0.20-0.25) 15:0-17.5 0.20-0.25) 15:0-17.5 0.20-0.25) 16:0-17.5 0.20-0.25) 17:0-17.5 0.20-0.25) 18:0-17.5 0.20-0.25) 18:0-17.5 0.20-0.25) 18:0-17.5 0.20-0.25) 18:0-17.5 0.20-0.25) 18:0-17.5 0.20-0.25) 19:0-17.5 0.20-0.25) 19:0-17.5 0.20-0.25)			OSE INSTRUCTIONS	
Feeds Forage, Fodder, Straw and Hay) CROP TARGET DISEASES Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A) Alternaria Leaf and Fruit Spot (Alternaria alternata) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum acutatum) Leaf Blight (Seimatosporium ichenicola) Leaf Rust (Tranzschella discolor) Scab (Cladosporium carpophilum) Shot Hole (Wilsonomyces carpophilus) Brown Rol Blossom Blight (Monilinia laxa, M fructicola) 12:0-15.5 (0.20-0.25) 12:0-15.5 0.20-0.25) TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease and contir throughout the season following the resistance management guidelin Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. For as applications apply in a minimum of 15 GPA. Thorough and uniform coverage cannot be obtained. TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease and contir throughout the season following the resistance management guidelin Applications apply in a minimum of 15 GPA. Thorough and uniform coverage cannot be obtained. TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease and contir throughout the season following the resistance management guidelin Applications apply in a minimum of 15 GPA. Thorough and uniform coverage cannot be obtained. TREVO FUNGICIDE applications about degin prior to disease and contir including 5 weeks after petal fall. An adjuvant may be added at specific talls and adjuvant may be added at specific talls. Anthracnose, scab and shot hole: Begin applications prior to disease on the fall of the fall	CROP	TARGET DISEASES		REMARKS
Alternaria Leaf and Fruit Spot (Alternaria alternata) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum acutatum) Leaf Blight (Selmatosporium lichenicola) Leaf Rust (Transschella discolor) Scab (Cladosporium carpophilum) Shot Hole (Misonomyces carpophilus) Brown Rot Blossom Blight (Monilinia laxa, M fructicola) 12:0-15.5 (0.20-0.25)	Feeds Forage, Fodder, Straw	-	-	A
alternata) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum acutatum) Leaf Blight (Seimatosporium lichenicola) Leaf Rust (Transschelia discolor) Scab (Cladosporium carpophilum) Shot Hole (Wilsonomyees carpophilus) Brown Rot Blossom Blight (Monilinia laxa, M fructicola) 12:0-15.5 (0.20-0.25) 12:0-17.5 (0.20-0.25) 12:0-17.5 (0.20-0.25) 13:0-17.5 (0.20-0.25) 14:0-17.5 (0.20-0.25) 15:0-17.5 (0.20-0.25) 16:0-17.5 (0.20-0.25) 17:0-17.5 (0.20-0.25) 18:0-17.5 (0.20-0.25) 18:0-17.5 (0.20-0.25) 18:0-17.5 (0.20-0.25) 19:0-17.5 (0.20-0.25) 10:0-17.5 (0.20-0.25) 1	CROP	TARGET DISEASES		REMARKS
in Group 11.	Almonds	alternata) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum acutatum) Leaf Blight (Seimatosporium lichenicola) Leaf Rust (Tranzscheila discolor) Scab (Cladosporium carpophilum) Shot Hole (Wilsonomyces carpophilus) Brown Rot Blossom	(0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNCICIDE may be applied by air only at growth stages prior to and including 5 weeks after petal fall. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. Anthracnose, scab and shot hole: Begin applications prior to disease development and continue at 7- to 14-day intervals throughout the season. Blossom blight: Begin applications at early bloom and continue through

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 92.3 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
- 2. **DO NOT** apply more than 1.5 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 3. DO NOT apply within 28 days of harvest (28-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Artichoke, Globe	Ramulária Lea(Spot (<i>Ramulária cyn</i> árae)	11.0-15.5 (0.18-0.25)	Begin applications prior to or in the early stages of disease development and continue as needed throughout the season at a 2-3 week interval, up to and including the day of harvest. DO NOT apply at less than 7-day intervals. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. For ground applications, apply in 50-200 gallons of water per acre to obtain coverage without excessive runoff. For aerial applications, apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. DO NOT apply more than one application of <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 92.3 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
- 2. DO NOT apply more than 1.5 lb.a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 3. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Asparagus	Stemphyllium Purple Spot (Stemphyllium vesicarium)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on a \$\mu\$ to 14-day schedule, following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of water persacra by air. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. Do NoT apply more than one application of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.
2. DO NOT apply more than	92.3 fl. oz. of product/A/season. 1.5 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing days of harvest (100-day PHI).		

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 92.3 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
- 2. **DO NOT** apply more than 1.5 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 3. **DO NOT** apply within 100 days of harvest (100-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Bananas Plantains	Black Sigatoka (Mycosphaerella fijiensis) Yellow Sigatoka (Mycosphaerella musicola)		TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season every 12-14 days following the resistance management guidelines: Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvan-may be added at specified rates. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternations with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 66.4 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
- 2. DO NOT apply more than 1.08 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 3. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (O-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Cereals Barley Oats Rye	Kernel Blight (Alternaria spp.) Leaf Rust (Puccinia hordei) Barley Stripe (Dreofisiera graminea Pyrenophora graminea) Net Blotch (Eyrenophora teres)	6.0-12.0 (0.10-0.20) 9.0-12.0 (0.15-0.20)	TREVO FUNGICIDE should be applied prior to disease development. Protecting the flag leaf is important for maximizing disease control. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. TREVO FUNGICIDE can be applied by ground, air or chemigation. A crop oil concentrate adjuvant may be added at 1% v/v to optimize efficacy. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy. Do NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE
	Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe graminis f. sp. Hordei) Stagonospora Blotch (Stagonospora nodorum)	12.0 (0.20)	or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11. DO NOT make more than two (2) applications of <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> or other Group 11 fungicide per season.

- 1. DO NOT apply after Feekes 10.54.
- 2. DO NOT apply more than 0.40 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 3. DO NOT apply within 7 days of grazing or harvest (7-day PHI) for forage and hay.

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Berries: Bushberry Subgroup 13-07B Aronia Berry Blueberry, Highbush Blueberry, Lowbush Buffalo Currant Chilean Guava Cranberry, Highbush Currant, Black Currant, Black Currant, Red Elderberry European Barberry Gooseberry Honeysuckle, Edible Huckleberry Jostaberry Juneberry (Saskatoon Berry) Lingonberry Native Currant Salal Sea Buckthorn Including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these.	Alternaria Fruit Rot (Alternaria spp.) Anthracnose Fruit Rot (Colletotrichum gloeosporioides) Bottyosphaeria Canker (Botryosphaeria spp.) Mummyberry (Monilinia vaccinii-corymbosi) Phomopsis Stem Canker (Phomopsis vaccini) Powdery Mildew (Sphaerotheca spp.) Septoria Blight (Septoria spp.)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNCICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on a Te to 14-day schedule, following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. Do NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before aternation with a fungiside that is not in Group 11.

- Specific Use Restrictions:

 1. D0 NOT apply more than 46 fl. oz. of product/A/season.

 2. D0 NOT apply more than 0.75 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.

 3. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (*0-day PHI*).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Berries: Caneberry Subgroup 13-07A Blackberry Bingleberry Boysenberry Dewberry Lowberry Marionberry Olallieberry Youngberry Loganberry	Anthracnose (Spaceloma necator) ((Elsinoe veneta) Botryosphaeria Canker (Botryosphaeria dothidea) Colletotrichum Rot (Colletotrichum gloeosporioides) Leaf Spot (Septoria rubi) (Sphaerulira rubi) Powdery Mildew (Sphaerotheca macularis) Rosette or Douba Bidosom of Blackbernes (Cercosporella rubi) Spur Blight (Didymella applanata)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	Begin applications at onset of disease and continue until harvest. Make applications on a 7- to 14-day schedule. Use a minimum water volume of 10 gallons per acre by ground and a minimum of 3 gallons by air. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.
Red and Black Raspberry Wild Raspberry Including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these.	Blackberry Rust (Phragmidium spp.)	10-15.5 (0.16-0.25)	

- Specific Use Restrictions:

 1. D0 NOT apply, more than 92:3 ft. oz, of product/A/season.

 2. D0 NOT apply more than 1.5 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.

 3. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Berries: Low Growing Subgroup 13-07G (except Cranberry) Strawberry See additional crops below.	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum fragariae) Leather Rot (Phytophthora cactorum) Powdery Mildew (Sphaerotheca macularis) Suppression of Botrytis on the Foliage (Botrytis cinerea)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on a F to 10-day schedule, following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. For leather rot control apply 2 applications on a 7-day schedule from late bloom through harvest. For dip applications at transplanting for commercial berry production: For suppression of root and crown rot caused by Colletprichum spp., mix 5-8 fl. oz. of TREVO FUNGICIDE pe. 100 gallons of water. Dip plants for 2-5 minutes, Plant treated plants as quickly as possible. It is recommended that transplants be washed to remove excess soil prior to dipping. For continued anthracaose control, follow with foliar applications beginning 2-6 weeks after transplant. DO NOT apply mixe than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 frugicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group (1.
	Soilborne Diseases Seedling Root Rot, Basal Stem Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	For Sollborne/Seedling Disease Control, see directions and rates under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section.

Additional Low Growing Berries: Bearberry, Bilberry, Cloudberry, Muntries, Partridgeberry including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 61.5 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
- 2. DO NOT apply more than 1.0 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 3. DO NOT use in plant propagation nurseries.
 4. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Brassica : Head and Stem Subgroup Broccoli Chinese Broccoli (gai lon) Brussels Sprouts Cabbage Chinese Cabbage (napa) Chinese Cabbage (gai choy) Cauliflower Cavalo Broccolo Kohlrabi Including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these.	Alternaria Leaf Spot (Alternaria spp.) Downy Mildew (Peronospora parasitica) Pin Rot (Alternaria spp.)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on a 7 to 14-day schedule, following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre by ground, and minimum of 3 gallons per acre by air. DO NOT apply more than two applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 92.3 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
 2. DO NOT apply more than 1,5 lb. al./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 3. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Brassica: Leafy Greens Subgroup Broccoli Raab Cabbage, Chinese Collards Kale Mizuna Mustard Greens	Black Spot (<i>Alternaria spp.</i>) Cercospora Leaf Spot (<i>Cercospora spp.</i>) White Rust (<i>Albugo candida</i>)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on a Te to 14-day schedule, following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. DO NOT apply more than one application of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.
Mustard Spinach Rape Greens Including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these.	Soilborne Diseases Seedling Root Rot, Basal Stem Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	For Soilborne/Seedling Disease Control, see directions and rates under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section.

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 46 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
- DO NOT apply more than 0.75 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Bulb Vegetables Crop Group 3-U7 Garlic Leek Onion, bulb Dayiliy, bulb Fritillaria, bulb Garlic, bulb Garlic, great-baded, bulb Garlic Serpent, bulb	Foliar Diseases Cladosporium Leaf Blotch (Cladosporium allii) Purple Blotch (Alternaria porri) Rust (Puccinia allii)	6.0-12-0 (0:10-0.20)	For downy mildew, make preventative applications on a 5- to 7-day schedule. For all offer diseases, TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should beeip infort to disease development and continue throughout the season every 7-14 days following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by bround, air or chemigation. If applications are made by air, the higher rates should be used for adequate control. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. DO NOT apply more than one application of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group
Lily, bulb Onion, bulb Onion, Chinese, bulb Onion, pearl	Botrytis Leaf Blight (Botrytis aclada) Downy Mildew (Peronospora destructor)	9.0-15.5 (0.15-0.25)	Mixtures of <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> with insecticides and silicone adjuvants must be tested for crop safety before application to the crop.
Onion, potato, bulb Shallot, bulb Onion, green Chive, fresh leaves Chive, Chinese, fresh leaves Elegans, hosta Fritillaria, leaves Kurrat Lady's leek Leek, wild Onion, Beltsville bunching Onion, green Onion, green Onion, tresh Onion t	Soilborne Diseasés Rhizoctonia Damping-Off (Phizoctonia solaci)	0.40-0.80 ff. oz./1000 row feet	For Soilborne/Seedling Disease Control, See directions under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section. If the application is an in-furow application, the spray should be made just prior to seed placement so that the majority of the chemical is under the seed. This will reduce the potential for phytotoxicity, especially if fertilizer is added to the application.

- Specific Use Restrictions:

 1. D0 NOT apply more than 92.3 fl. oz. of product/A/season.

 2. D0 NOT apply more than 1.5 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.

 3. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

(see Oilseed Crops for additional information) Blackleg (Leptosphaeria maculans) Sclerotinia Stem Rot (Sclerotinia Scolerotinia Scolerotinia Stem Rot (Sclerotinia Stem Rot (Sclerotinia Scolerotinia	CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
	(see Oilseed Crops for	Blackleg (Leptosphaeria maculans) Sclerotinia Stem Rot (Sclerotinia		may be made 30 days before harvest. Specifically for blackleg, TREV or FUNCIODE applications should be made at the 2- to 4-leaf stage. For Alternaria on Sclerotinia, 9.0-15.5 lk.oz. product/A should be applied at 10-25% flowering (3-7 days following first flower). Use the higher rate under heavy desace pressure or when conditions are lawarable for disease. For control of Alternaria alone, 8.0 ft. oz. product/A may be applied at pod stage (approximately 95% petal fall). DO NOT apply more than one application of TREVO FUNCICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before atternation with a lungicide that is not in the Group 11. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemiquation. Use a minimum of

1. DO NOT apply more than 27.6 fl. oz. of product/A/season.

DO NOT apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 DO NOT apply within 30 days of harvest (30-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Carrots	Early Blight (Cercospora carotae) Late Blight (Alternaria dauci) White Mold (Sclerotium rolfsii) For additional diseases, see Vegetables, Root, Subgroup.	9.0-20.0 (0.15-0.33)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season every 7-14 days following the resistance management, guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemination. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. DO NOT apply more trian one application of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicieses before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.
	Soilborne Diseases Rhizoctonia Root Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	For Soilborne/Seedling Disease Control, see directions and rates under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1. D0 N0T apply more than 123 fl. oz. product/A/season.

2. D0 N0T apply more than 2.0 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.

3. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Celery	Early Blight (Cercospára apii) Late Blight (Septoria apicola) For additional diseases, see Leafy Vegetables.		TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season every 7-14 days following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. DO NOT apply more than one application of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.
	Soilborne Diseases Rhizoctonia Root Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	For Soilborne/Seedling Disease Control, see directions and rates under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1. D0 NOT apply more than 92.3 ft, oz. of product/A/season.

2. D0 NOT apply more than 1.5 lb. a.l./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.

3. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Christmas Trees	Diplotia, Tip Blight (Diplodia pinea) Loptodemidin, Needlecast (Jophodermium pinastri) Swiss Needlecast (Phaeocrytopus gaurianni)	,	TREVO FUNCICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season at 7 to 21-day intervals following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates DD NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNCICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.

Specific Use Restrictions:

DO NOT apply more than 123 fl. oz. product/A/season.
 DO NOT apply more than 2.0 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Citrus Fruit Crop Group 10-10 Calamondin Citron Grapefruit Kuriquat Lemon Lime Mandarin Orange (sour and sweet) Pummelo Satsuma Mandarin Tangerine Including all cultivars and/or	Albinism (Alternaria alternata pv citri) Alternaria Leaf and Fruit Spot (Alternaria citri) Cercospora Leaf Spot (Cercospora spp.) Diplodia Stem-End Rot (Diplodia natalensis) Greasy Spot (Mycosphaerella citri) Melanose (Diaporthe citri) Penicillium Decays Green Mold, Whisker Mold, Suppression of Blue Mold (Penicillium spp.) Phomopsis Stem-End Rot (Phomopsis citrii) Post Bloom Fruit Drop (PFD) (Colletotrichum acutatum) Powdery Mildew (Ersiphe spp.) Scab (Elsinoe fawcettii) Sweet Orange Scab (Elsinoe australis)	12.0-15.5 (0.20-0.25)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on 7- to 21-day intervals following the resistance management guidelines. Under conditions, that favor severe disease epidemics, the higher application rates should be used. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation—An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. A horticultural spray off-should be used to improve control of greasy spot. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation, with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.00 NOT make more than four (4) applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicide per season.
hybrids of these. See complete list of citrus fruit crops below.	Black Spot (Guidnardia citricarpa)	9.0-15.5 (0.15-0.25)	
Pummelo* Citrus Hybrid (Uniq fruit only)* *Not approved for this use in California.	Soilborne Diseases Seedling Root Rot, Basal Stem Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	For Solbone/Seedling Disease Control, see directions and rates under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section.

Complete List of Citrus Fruit Crops: Australian Desert Lime (Eremocitrus glauca); Australian Finger Lime (Microcitrus australasica); Australian Round Lime (Microcitrus australis); Brown River Finger Lime (Microcitrus paquana); Calamondin (Citrofrunella microcarpa); Ofton (Citrus medica); Citrus Hybrids, Citrus spp., Eremocitrus spp., Fortunella spp., Microcitrus spp., and Poncirus spp., Grapefruit (Citrus paradise); Japanese Summer Grapefruit (Citrus medica); Numquat (Fortunella, spp.); Lemon (Citrus limen); Lime (Citrus aurantifola); Mediterranean Mandarin (Citrus deliciosa); Mount White Lime (Microcitrus garrowayae); New Guinea Wild Lime (Microcitrus warthrogiana); Corange, Sour (Citrus aurantium); Orange, Sweet (Citrus sinensis); Pummelo (Citrus maxima); Russell River Lime (Microcitrus inodora); Satsuma Mandarin (Citrus orațiui); Sweet Lime (Citrus limetta); Tachibana Orange (Citrus tachibana); Tahiti Lime (Citrus aurantium Tangelo group); cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these.

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 92.3 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
- 2. DO NOT apply more than 1.5 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 3. DO NOT use TREVO FUNGICIDE in citrus plant propagation nurseries.
- 4. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Clover (and stands containing Clover) (See Nongrass Animal Feeds Forage, Fodder, Straw and Hay)		-	-

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Corn Field	Rust (Puccinia sorghi)	6.0-9.0 (0.10-0.15)	For gray leaf spot, apply <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> at the onset of disease. A second application may be required 14 days later if disease pressure persists. For all other diseases, <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> applications should begin prior to
Pop Pop Sweet (Includes Seed Production)	Anthracnese Leaf Blight (Colletotrichum graminicola) Eye Spot (Aureobasidium zeae) Gray Leaf Spot (Cercospora sorghi) Northem Com Leaf Blight (Settesphaeria turcica) Northem Com Leaf Blight (Cochiliobolus carbonum) Southem Com Leaf Blight (Cochiliobolus heterostrophus)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	disease development and may continue throughout the season every 7-14 days following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of THEVO FUNCICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11. For field ofm and field orm grown for seed, DO NOT make more than two (2) applications per season.
	Early Application (V4-V8)	6.0 (0.10)	Apply TREVO FUNGICIDE early (V4-V8) for early season disease control and beneficial physiological benefits. If imixing with dierbicides, other than solo glyphosate products, Callistoney, Callistoney Xtra or Halex® GT, consult your local INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC representative.
	Soilborne Diseases Rhizoctonia Root and Stalk Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	For Sollborne/Seedling Disease Control See directions and rates under the SOLBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section.

D0 NOT apply more than 123 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
 D0 NOT apply more than 2.0 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 D0 NOT apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PH).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Cotton	Anthracnose (Glomerella gossypii) Ascochyta Blighti (A. gossypii) Boll Rot (A. gossypii) Cotton Rust (Puccinia schedonnardi) Hardlock (Fusarium verticillioides) Southwestern Cotton Rust (Puccinia cacabata)	6.0-9.0 (0.1-0.15)	For optimum disease control, <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> applications should begin prior to or in the early stages of disease development. Applications may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified tates. Minimum application volumes for air and ground are 5 and 10 gallons per acre, respectively. The first <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> application should be targeted approximately at pinhead square to first bloom to protect the plant from diseases. Subsequent applications, are specified on a 14-21-day schedule. An additional application may be made depending on environmental conditions and the health of the cotton plant. Under poor environmental conditions conducive to seedling disease and poor cotton growth, <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> may be applied to early season cotton to suppress dampling off and other diseases which result in plant stand loss. DO NOT apply more than two foilar applications of <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> or other Group 11 fungicides before alternating with a fungicide that has a different mode of action. DO NOT make more than three (3) foilar applications of <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> or other Group 11 fungicides per cropper acre per year.
Specific lies Restrictions	Pythium Seedling Blight (Pythium aphanidermatum) Rhizoctonia Seedling Blight (Phizoctonia solari)	In-Furrow 0.40-0.80 fl. oz. product per 1000 row feet (0.10-0.20 oz. a.i. per 1000 row feet)	TREVO FUNGICIDE Application Directions: Apply TREVO FUNGICIDE as an in-furrow spray in 3-7 gallons of water at planting. Mount the spray nozzle so the spray is directed into the furrow just before the seed are covered. Use the higher rate when the weather conditions are expected to be conducive for disease development, if the field has a history of Pythium problems, or if minimum/low till programs are in place. See the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section for table illustrating total fluid ounces per acre with various row spacings.

- Specific Use Restrictions:

 1. DO NOT apply more than 27 fl. oz, of product/crop/season as a foliar spray.

 2. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied up to 45 days before harvest (45-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Cranberry Subgroup 13-07H (except Strawberry) Bearberry Bilberry Blueberry, Lowbush Cloudberry	Cottonball (Monilinia oxycocci) Fruit Rots (Physalospora vaccinii) (Glomerella cingulata) (Coleophoma empetri) Lophodermium Twig Blight (Lophodermium spp.)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	Begin applications at 5-10% bloom for fruit rdt, cotionball, and twig blight. Continue applications on a 7- to 14-day schedule of conditions are favorable for disease development. Applications may be made by ground, chemigation or air. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternations with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.
Lingonberry Muntries Partridgeberry Including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these	Fairy Ring (suppression) (Psilocybe spp.)	15.5 (0.25)	Make the first application at but break. Measure the ring diameter and add 10 feet to that diameter. Apply TREVO FUNGICIDE at a rate equivalent to 15.5 fl. oz./A in 30,4 fl0g alignos of water to the affected area. Irrigation (1-2 hours) following application is advisable to ensure penetration to the base of the plant. If necessary make another application 2-4 weeks later. For ground application ensure adequate water volume for thotough canopy penetration.

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 92.3 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
 2. DO NOT apply more than 1.5 lbs. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 3. DO NOT treat cranberry fields used for aquaculture of fish and crustacea.
- 4. DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas to non-target aquatic habitat. Applicators should use care in making applications near non-target aquatic habitats.
- 5. DO NOT apply to flooded crop.
- DO NOT allow release of irrigation or flood water to non-target aquatic habitat for at least 14 days after the last application.
 DO NOT apply within 3 days of harvest (3-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Cucurbits Cantaloupe Chayote Chinese-Waxgourd Cucumber Gourds Honeydew Melons Momordica spp. (bitter melon, balsam apple) Muskmelon Watermelon Pumpkin Squash Zucchini	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum lagenarium) Belly Rot (Rhizoctonia solani) Downy Midew (Pseudoperonospora cubensis) Gummy Stem Blight (Didymella byoniae) Leaf Spots (Alternaria spp., Cercospora spp.) Myrothecium Canker (Myrothecium roridum) Plectosporium Blight (Plectosporium roridum) Plectosporium Blight (Plectosporium tabacinum) Powdery Mildew (Sphaerotheca fuliginea, Erysiphe cichariacearum) Ulocladium Leaf Spot (Ulocladium cucarbitae)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	For both downy and powdery mildew, make preventative applications on a 5-to 7-day schedule. For belly rot control, the first application should be made at the 1-3 leaf crop stage with a second application just prior to vine plo over or 10-14 days later whichever occurs first. For all other diseases, TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season every 7-14 days following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. DO NOT tank mix TREVO FUNGICIDE with crop oil concentrates (COC), methylated spray oil (MSO) or silicon adjuvants. DO NOT annate®, Lorsban®, M-Pede® or Botran®. DO NOT apply more than one application of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11. DO NOT make more than four (4) foliar applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides or proper acre per year.
Including cultivars and/or hybrids of these.	Soilborne Diseases Rhizoctonia Root Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	For Soilborne/Seedling Disease Control, See directions and rates under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section.
Specific Use Restrictions:			

- Specific Use Restrictions:

 1. D0 NOT apply more than 92.3 fl. oz. of product/A/season.

 2. D0 NOT apply more than 1.5 lbs. a./A/season of azexystrobin-containing products.

 3. D0 NOT apply within 1 day of harvest (1-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Fruiting Vegetables Crop Group 8-10 Pepper Bell Pepper Non-Bell Pepper Sweet Non-Bell Pepper Eggplant Okra Pepino	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.) Powdery Mildew (Sphaerotheca spp.)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on a Fe to 14-day schedule, following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. DO NOT apply more than one application of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before afternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.
Including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these.			
See specific directions for use for Tomatoes.	Soilborne Diseases Rhizoctonia Seedling Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	For Soilborne/Seedling Disease Control, See directions and rates under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL. section.
See complete list of fruiting vegetables below.			

Complete List of Fruiting Vegetables: African Eggplant; Bell Pepper; Eggplant; Martynia; Nonbell Pepper; Okra; Pea Eggplant; Pepino; Roselle; Scarlet Eggplant; cultivars, varieties; and/or hybrids of these.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- DO NOT apply more than 61.5 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
 DO NOT apply more than 1.0 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 THEVD FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Grapes and Other Small Fruit Vine Climbing Subgroup 13-07F (except fuzzy kiwifruit) Amur River Grape Kiwifruit, Hardy Maypop Muscadines Schisandra Berry Including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these.	Black Rot (Guignardia bidwellii) Downy Mildew (Plasmopara viticola) Phomopsis Cane and Leaf Spot (Phomopsis viticola) Powdery Mildew (Uncinula necator) Suppression Only: Botrytis Bunch Rot (Botrytis cinerea)	10.0-15.5 (0.16-0.25)	**REVO FUNCICIDE** applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season every 10-14 days following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air.or ofemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. **Do NOT apply more than two sequential foliar applications of **TREVO FUNCICIDE** or other Group 11 fungicides before alternating with a fungicide that is not in Group 11. **ATTENTION** TREVO FUNGICIDE** is extremely phytotoxic to certain apple varieties. AVOID SPRAY DRIFT. Extreme care must be used to prevent injury to apple trees (and apple fruit). **DO NOT** spray **TREVO FUNGICIDE** where spray drift may reach apple trees. DNOT** use spray equipment which has been previously used to apply **TREVO FUNGICIDE** to spray apple trees. Even trace amounts can cause unacceptable phytotoxicity to certain apple and crabapple varieties. **AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT.** ISTHE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.**

- 1. D0 NOT apply more than 92.3 ff. oz. of product/A/season.
 2. D0 NOT apply more than 15.1b. a.1/A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 3. D0 NOT apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day Ftll).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Grasses (grown for seed)	Ergot Stem Diseases Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe graminis) Rust (Puccinia spp.)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on a 10- to 14-day schedule, following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. Do NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.

- Specific Use Restrictions:

 1. DO NOT apply more than 49 fl. oz. of product/A/season.

 2. DO NOT apply more than 0.8 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.

 3. DO NOT feed freated straw, seed or screenings to livestock.

 4. TREVO FUNCICIDE may be applied up to 8 days prior to harvest (swathing)(8-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Herbs & Spices (except black pepper) Crop Group 19 Allspice; Angelica; Anise (seed); Anise, star; Annatto; Balm; Basil; Borage; Burnet; Carnomile; Caper (buds); Caraway, Caraway, black; Cardamon; Cassia (buds); Cathip; Celery Seed; Chervil dirled; Chive; Chine; Chinese; Cinnamon; Clary; Clove (buds); Coriander (cilantro) or Chinese anasley/leaf); Coriander (seed); Costmary; Culantro (leaf and seed); Cumin, Curry (leaf); Dill (seed); Fenugreek; Grains of Paradise; Horehound; Hyssop; Juniper (barry); Lavender; Lemongrass; Lovage (leaf and seed); Mace; Marigold; Marjoram; Mustard (seed); Nasturtium; Nutmeg; Parsley (dried; Pennyroyal; Pepper, White; Poppy Seed; Rosemary; Rue; Saffron; Sage; Savory, Summer and Winter Sweet Bay; Tansy; Tarragon; Thyme; Vanilla; Wintergreen; Woodruff;	Corynespora Blight (Corynespora cassiicola) Dill Blight (Cercosporidium punctum) Phoma Blight (Passalora puncta)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin at the onset of disease development and continue throughout the season on a 7-day schedule, following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground only. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. Use a minimum of 30 gallons of water per acre. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNCICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.
Wormwood Wasabi	Fusarium Rhizome and Root Rot (Pythium spp.)	6.2-15.4 (0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin at the onset of disease development and continue throughout the season on a 7-day schedule, following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground or through the irrigation system (chemigation). An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. Use a minimum of 30 gallons of water per acre. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with fungicide that is not in Group 11.

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 9.2.3 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
 2. DO NOT apply more than 1.5 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 3. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Leafy Vegetables (except brassica) Amaranth Arugula Cardoon Celery	Foliar Diseases Altemaria Leaf Spot (Alternaria sonchi, A. spp.) Anthracnose (Microdochium panattonianum, Colleotorium dematium) Cercospora Leaf Spot (Cercospora spp.) Septoria Leaf Spot (Septoria petroselini) White Rust (Albugo occidentalis)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	For both downy and powdery mildew, make preventative applications on a 5- to 7-day schedule. For all other diseases, <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season every 7-14 days following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates.
Celtuce Chervil Chrysanthemum, Edible Corn Salad Cress Dandelion Dock Endive Fennel Lettuce, Head and Leaf Orach Parsley	Downy Mildew (<i>Bremia lactucae</i>) Powdery Mildew (<i>Eyrisiphe cichoracearum</i>)	12.0-15.5 (0.20-0.25)	DO NOT apply more than one application of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11. ATTENTION: Applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE to leafy vegetable foliage have contributed to phytotexicity under certain circumstances. Proceed with caution with regard to tank mixes and adjuvants when treating all leafy vegetables with TREVO FUNGICIDE. TREVO FUNGICIDE must not be tank mixed on leaf lettuce with Ambush® WP, Pounce® WP, Aliette®, Warror with Zeon Technology®, or another product that may increase the penetration of TREVO FUNGICIDE into the leaf surface, such as, but not limited to silicone wetters.
Purslane Radicchio Rhubarb Spinach Swiss Chard Including cultivars and/or hybrids of these	Soilborne Diseases Webb Blight, Bottom Rot, Crater Rot, Root Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.40-0/80 fl. oz/1000 row feet	For Sollborne/Seedling Disease Control, See directions and rates under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section.

- DO NOT apply more than 92.3 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
 DO NOT apply more than 1.5 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PH).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Legume Vegetables, Dry and Succulent and Legume Vegetables, Foliage of any Cultivar of Bean (Phaseolus	Bean Rust (Uromyces appendiculatus)	6.0 (0.10)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season every 7-14 days following the resistance management guidelines. Use the higher rates under severe disease pressure. Applications may be made by ground, allor or chemiquation.
spp.) and Field Pea (Pisum spp.) Bean (Lupinus spp.) (includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, withe lupin, and white sweet lupin) Bean (Phaseolus spp.) (includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, nany bean, printo bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean,	spp.) Assochyta Leaf Spot (Ascochyta phaseolorum) Rust (Phakopsora spp.) Southern Blight (Sclerotium rolfsii) Web Blight (Rhizoctonia solani)		An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. For rust, use of a non-ionic surfactant is recommended. D0 N0T apply more than two sequential applications of <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.
Bean (Vigna spp.) (includes adruki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, cowpea, adaling, Chinese kingbean, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, und bean, yardilong bean) Bean (Glycline max) Soybean, Immature Seed (edamame) Broad bean (fava bean) (Vicia faba) Chickpea (garbanzo bean) (Cicer antelinum) Guar (Qiamoposis tetragonoloba) Jackbean (Canavalla ensiformis) Lablab Bean (fiyacinth bean) (Lablab purpureus) Lentil (Lens esculenta) Pea (Pisum spp.) (includes divari pea, edible- pod pea, English pea, garden pea, green pea, field pea, snow pea, sugar snap pea) Pigeon Pea (Cajanus cajanus) Sword Bean (Canavalla gladiate)		0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	For Svilborne/Seedling Disease Control see directions and rates under the SOLBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section. TREVO FUNGICIDE can be applied to the furrow and covering soil at planting in a 7-inch band. Avoid a concentrated stream directly on the seed or delayed emergence may occur. It using a narrow spary as an in-furrow spray, adjust the spray stream to hit the soil next to the seed but not hit the seed. NOTE: Conduct a seed safety test with your crop before making in-furrow applications.

- Specific Use Restrictions:

 1. D0 NOT apply more than 92.3 ft, oz. of product(A/season.)

 2. D0 NOT apply more than 1.5 lb. a,i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.

 3. D0 NOT apply wiffin 14 days of harvest (14-day PH) of dry flegume vegetables (dry bean and dry pea seeds).

 4. TREVD FUNCKIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PH) of ro succulent beans and peas.

 5. For use on soybeans, please refer to the soybean crop directions for use.

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Mint (Fresh or for processing into mint oil)	Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe spp.) Rust (Puccinia menthae)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNCICIDE applications should begin erior to disease development and continue throughout the season on a *te 10-day schedule, following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. Do NOT apply more than two sequential applications of *YPEVO FUNCIONE* or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide, that is not in Group 11.
	Soilborne Diseases Seedling Root Rot, Basal Stem Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	For Soilborne/Seedling Disease Control, See directions and rates under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section.

- Specific Use Restrictions:

 1. DO NOT apply more than 46 fl. oz. of product/A/season.

 2. DO NOT apply more than 0.75 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.

 3. For processed mint, DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

 4. For fresh mint, TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Nongrass Animal Feeds Forage, Fodder, Straw and Hay For pure/mixed stands of the following or stands mixed with grasses: Alfatla (Medicago sativa subsp. sativa) Bean, Velvet (Mucuna pruriens var. utilis) Clover (frifolium spp., Melliotus spp.) Kutzu (Pueraria lobata) Lespedeza (Lespedeza spp.) Lupin (Lupinus spp.) Sainfoin (Onobrychis viciifolia) Trefoil (Lotus spp.) Vetch, Crown (Coronilla varia) Vetch, Mik (Astragalus spp.)			TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and conflave throughout the exactor. Use the higher rates under severe disease pressure. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. Use of an additive such as crop oil concentrate or non-ionic surfactant is recommended. For-management of outbreaks of Asian soybean rust and other Puccinia species on atternate host species such as kudzu, lespedeza, trefoil and wetch, apply TREVO FUNGICIDE to forages grown in the vicinity of soybeans and other legume crops (beans and peas) as a part of an Asian rust disease management strategy. Consult with local experts and university extension agents for the latest advice. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.

- 1. D0 NOT apply more than 0.25 lb. a.i/A per cutting.
 2. D0 NOT apply more than 0.75 lb. a.i/A season of acosystrobip-containing products.
 3. D0 NOT apply within 14 days of narvest (14-day PHI) of dry legume vegetables (dry bean and dry pea seeds).
 4. Not for use on rangeland.

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Oilseed Crops Crop Group 20 Crambe Flax Mustard, Indian Mustard, Field Mustard, Black Rapeseed Rapeseed, Indian Safflower Sunflower Including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these. See complete list of oilseed crops below.		6.0-15.5 (0.1-0.25)	Apply 6.0 fl. oz. of <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> at early bud followed by 14.0 fl. oz. at about 45 days before harvest. A third application of 7.0 fl. oz. may be made 30 days before harvest. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of water pervacre for ground applications. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.

Complete List of Oilseed Crops: Borage; Calendula; Castor Oil Plant; Chinese Tallowtree; Cottonseed; Cramber Cuphea; Echium; Euphorbia; Evening Primrose; Flax Seed; Gold of Pleasure; Hare's Ear Mustard; Jojoba; Lesquerella; Lunaria; Meadowfoam; Milkweed; Mustard Seed; Niger Seed; Oil Radish; Poppy Seed; Rapeseed; Rose Hip; Safflower; Sesame; Stokes Aster; Sunflower; Sweet Rocket; Tallowwood; Tea Oil Plant; Vernonia; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 27 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
- 2. **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Peanuts	Soilborne Diseases – early season (in-furrow application) Aspergillus Crown Rot (Aspergillus niger) Pythium Damping Off (Pythium spp.) Stem Rot/White Mold Suppression (Scierotium rolfsii)	0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	Apply TREVO FUNGICIDE in-furrow at planting for control of various seed/ seedling diseases including early season suppression of stem rot. See directions and rates under PRODUCT INFORMATION section.
	Soilborne Diseases – mid-late season Rhizoctonia Peg and Pod Rot (Rhizoctonia solani) Stem Rot/White Mold (Sclerotium roltsii) Suppression Only; Cylindrocladum Black Ret (Cylindocladium crotalariae) Pythium Pod Rot (Pythium soyriotylum)	12.0-24.5 (0.20-0.40)	TREVO FUNGICIDE should be applied at approximately 60 and 90 days after planting as a foliar application. This application regime may be applied earlier in the season if environmental conditions favor disease development. These two applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE will provide protection against the soil borne diseases and will also provide control of the foliar diseases listed for a 10- to 14-day period after each spray. Under heavy disease pressure and/or where there is a high rainfall and/or irrigation, use 18.5-45.1 to .2/h. For light disease pressure and dry environmental conditions (non-irrigated, low rainfall), use 12.0-24.5 fl. oz/h. For control of Pythium, a rate of 24.5 fl. oz/h. for light disease pressure of the fungicides on a leaf spot application schedule will be required to provide season-long disease control of the leaf spot diseases. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates.
	Foliar Diseases Early Leaf Spot (Cercospora arachidicola) Late Leaf Spot (Cercosporidum personatum) Rust (Puccinia arachidis) Web Blotch (Phoma arachidicola)	6.0-18.5 (0.10-0.30)	For foliar disease control only, a lower rate of <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> may be applied on a 10- to 14-day interval. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.

- 1. D0 NOT apply-more than 49 ft, oz. of prøduct/A/season.
 2. D0 NOT apply more than 0.8 lb. at. /A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 3. D0 NOT apply within 14 days of barvest (14-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Pecans	Anthracnose (Glomerella cingulata) Scab (Cladosporium caryigenum)	6.0-12.0 (0.10-0.20)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on 7- to 21-day intervals following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.

- DO NOT apply more than 73.8 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
 DO NOT apply more than 1.2 lbs. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 3. DO NOT apply within 45 days of harvest (45-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Pistachios	Alternaria Late Blight (Alternaria alternata) Botryosphaeria Panicle and Shoot Blight (Botryosphaeria dothidea) Septoria Leaf Spot (Septoria pistaciarum)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season of 7-16 21-day intervals following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 92.3 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
- DO NOT apply more than 1.5 lbs. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Potatoes	Black Dot (Colletotrichum coccodes) Early Blight (Alternaria solan) Late Blight (Phytophthora infestians) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe cichoracearum)	6.0-20.0 (0.10-0.33)	Early Blight — For a 7-day application schedule, use TREVO FUNGICIDE at 6.0 fl. oz. product/A. For a 14-day application schedule, use a 12.0 fl. oz. product/A rate. Late Blight — Apoly TREVO FUNGICIDE at 12.0 fl. oz. product/A on a 7-day schedule. Initiate late blight applications in a preventative schedule prior to disease development according to local practices. If late blight symptoms develop or conditions favor disease, switch immediately to a non-Group 11 fungicide, using a 5-day schedule. Addition of a spreader/sticker may improve coverage. For all other diseases, TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season every 7-14 days following the resistance management guidelines. Use the high rate and the shorter interval if disease epidemics are severe. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. Do NOT apply more than one application of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.
	Soilborne Diseases Black Dot (Colletotrichum coccodes) Black Scurf (Rhizoctonia solani) Silver Scurf (Helminthosporium solani)	0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	For Soilborne/Seedling Disease Control, See directions and rates under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section.

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 123 (i). oz. of product/A/season.
 2. DO NOT apply more than 2.0 lb. a i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 3. DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Rice	Sheath/Stem Diseases Sheath Blight (Rhizoctonia solani)	6.0-18.5 (0.10-0.30)	TREVO FUNGICIDE should be applied prior to disease development. Applications may be made by ground, all or chenigation. For aerial application, volumes should be 5-10 GPA. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. For sheath blight control, application rates may vary from 9.0 to 12.0 fl. oz./A depending on the growth stage of the nee and the severity of the disease.
	Aggregate Sheath Spot (Ceratobasidium oryzae-sativae – Rhizoctonia oryzae-sativae) Black Sheath Rot (Gaeumannomyces graminis var. graminis) Sheath Spot (Rhizoctonia oryzae) Stem Rot (Magnaporthe salvinii – Sclerotium oryzae – Nakateae sigmoidea) Foliar Diseases Brown Leaf Spot (Cochliobolus miyabeanus) Leaf Smut (Entyloma oryzae) Narrow Brown Leaf Spot (Cercospora janseana – Cercospora oryzae)		Consult with your local extension personnel or INNICTIS CROP CARE, LLC representative for information in sheath bight control. For other stem/sheath diseases, including stem rot, black sheath rot, aggregate sheath spot and sheath spot, apply when disease is less than 4 inches above water line susually between panicle differentiation (PD) +5 days to PD +10 days or at initial sign of disease. Under heavy disease pressure and conditions tavorable for disease development, a second application may be applied. For folder and panicle diseases, apply TREVO FUNGICIDE prior to disease development. TREVO FUNGICIDE must be applied as a preventative treatment for blast control and applied prior to favorable conditions for blast development. For panicle blast, an application should be applied at mid-boot to boot-spit but prior to full head emergence. A second application should be applied when panicles are approximately 60-90% emerged from the boot (7-14 days later). When TREVO FUNGICIDE is being applied for panicle blast on continuous rice acrage (no rotation to other crops), no more than two sequential foliar applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides should be made over multiple years before alternating with a fundicide with a different
	barclayana) Panicle Blast (Pyricularia grisea)		mode of action. DO NOT make more than two foliar applications of <i>TREVO FUNGICIDE</i> or other Group 11 fungicides per acre per season.

- DD NOT treat rice fields used for aquaculture of fish and crustaceans.
 DD NOT apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas to non-target aquatic habitat. Applicators should use care in making applications near non-target aquatic habitats.
- 3. **DO NOT** apply more than 0.70 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- **4. DO NOT** allow release of irrigation or flood water for at least 14 days after the last application.
- 5. **DO NOT** apply within 28 days of harvest (28-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Sorghum	Anthracnose (Callebrichup graminicola) Gray Leaf Spot (Gercospara sorghi)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNCICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development. Use the high rates under conditions favorable for severe disease pressure, dense plant canopies, or when susceptible varieties are planted. Contact extension personnel for local economic thresholds and timings for specific diseases in your area. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.
	Soilborne Diseases Damping-Off (Rhizoctonia solani, Pythium aphanadermatum	0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	For Soilborne/Seedling Disease Control, See directions and rates under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section.

- For grain-and stover, **D0 NOT** apply more than 0.75 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 For Jorden D0 NOT apply more than 0.5 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 3. **10 NOT** apply within 14 days of inavest of 4-day Fil).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Soybean Soybean, Immature Seed (edamame)	Aerial Blight (Rhizoctonia solani) Alternaria Leaf Spot (Alternaria spp.) Anthracnose (Colletbritchum truncatum) Brown Spot (Septoria glycines) Cercospora Blight and Leaf Spot (Cercospora kickuchii) Frogeye Leaf Spot (Cercospora sojina) Pod and Stem Blight (Diaporthe phaseolorum) Rust (Phakopsora spp.)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development. Use the high rates under conditions favoratile for sewere disease pressure, dense plant canopies, or when susceptible Varieties are, planted. Contact Extension personnel for local economic thresholds and timings for specific diseases in your area. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. Use of a crop oil concentrate or non-ionic surfactant with the lower use rate is recommended. Soybean rust: TREVO FUNGICIDE may be used at 4 ft. oz.//A when tank mixed with a triazole registered for use on soybean rust. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 1.1 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 1.1.
	Soilborne Diseases Rhizoctonia solani (Rhizoctonia solani) Southern Blight (Sclerotium rolfsii)	0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	For Soilborne/Seedling Disease Control, see directions and rates under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section.

- 1. D0 NOT apply more than 92.3 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
 2. D0 NOT make more than one application at 15.5 fl. oz. product/acre or 0.25 lb. a.i./A to soybean forage and hay.
 3. D0 NOT apply more than 1.5 lbs. a.i./yases
- 5. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI) to soybean forage and hav.

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Stone Fruits Apricot Cherry, Sweet Cherry, Tart	Brown Rot Blossom Blight and Fruit Rot (Monilinia fructicola, M. laxa)	(0.20-0.25)	For brown re-blassom blight, begin applications at early bloom and continue through petal fall. For brown rot on fruit, TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied to fruit up to the day of harvest. For scab, begin applications at petal fall and continue at 7- to 14-day intervers.
Nectarine Peach Plum Plumcot Prune	Scab (Cladosporium carpophilum) Altemaria spot and fruit rot (Alternaria alternata) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum prunicola, C. gloeosporioides) Leaf rust (Transschella discolor) Powdery Mildew (Sphaerotheca pannosa, Podosphaera clandestine) Shot hole (Wilsporomyees carpophilus)		For all other diseases, begin application at the onset of disease as a protectant fungicide and continue on a 7- to 14-day schedule. For peaches only, 9.0-15.5 ft. oz. of TREVO FUNGICIDE may be used for scab control. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- DO NOT apply more than 92.3 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
 DO NOT apply more than 1.5 lbs. at/A/season id azwitystrobin-containing products.
 TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of haryest id-day Refit.

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Sugarcane	Brown Rust (Puccinia melanodephela) Orange Rust (Puccinia kuehnii)	9.0-12.0 (0.15-0.20)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to rust development, and continue throughout the season every 14-28 days following resistance management guidelines. Scout fields and begin applications at the earliest sign of rust. An adjuvant may be used at recommended rates. For ground applications, apply TREVO FUNGICIDE in sufficient water volume for adequate coverage and canopy penetration. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. Do NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicide, before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11. Do NOT make more than lour foliar applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicide per acre per year.

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 0.80 lb. a.i./A per season azoxystrobin-containing products.
 2. DO NOT apply within 30 days of harvest (30-day PH).
 3. When applying by air, use no less than 5 gallons spray solution per acre.

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Tobacco	Blue Mold (Peronospora tabacina) Frogeye Leaf Spot (Cercospora nicotianae) Target Spot (Rhizoctonia solani)	6.0-12.0 (0.1-0.2)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development or at first indication that blue mold is in the area D NOT apply TREVO FUNGICIDE as a curative application. If blue mold is present in the field, initiate applications with Acrobat MZ® prior to an TREVO FUNGICIDE applications with Acrobat MZ® prior to an TREVO FUNGICIDE applications with Acrobat MZ® prior to an TREVO FUNGICIDE application. For certain the prior applications applications. For certain application, For aerial application, volumes should be 10-15 GPA. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemiqation. DO NOT apply TREVO FUNGICIDE on greenhouse seedings. DO NOT tank mix with Thiodan. Tank mixing TREVO FUNGICIDE with insecticides formulated as emulsifiable concentrates (EC) or containing high amounts of solvents, may cause crop injury. DO NOT apply more than one application of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11. NOTE: TREVO FUNGICIDE may enhance veatible flecking on the leaves of certain togacco types. This does not affect yield and qualify.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1. D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. of product/A/season.

2. D0 NOT apply more than 0.52 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.

3. TREVO FUNCICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (*D-day PHI*).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Tomatoes, Tomatillos Subgroup 8-10A Including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these. See complete list of tomato crops below.	Anthracnose (Collebtrichum coccodes) Black Mold (Alternaria alternata) Buckeye Rot (Phytophthora spp.) Early Blight (Alternaria solani) Powdery Mildew (Didiopsis sicula) Septoria Leaf Spot (Septoria lycopersici) Target Spot (Corynespora cassilicola) Late Blight (Phytophthora infestaris)	6.2 (0.08-0.10)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season following the resistance management juicielines. For late blight, TREVO FUNGICIDE should be applied at 5- to "day intervals. For all other tomato diseases, TREVO FUNGICIDE should be applied of 7- to 21-day intervals. Applications may be made by ground air or chemigation. Do NOT apply more than one application of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 engicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11. Under certain weather conditions (particularly high temperatures) TREVO FUNGICIDE in combination with high rates of silicone-based or oil containing (petroleum or crop) additives or adjuvants may cause injury, DO NOT exceed 0.125% adjuvant (N/I). Consult a INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC representative for more information concerning additives or adjuvants. A tank mixture with Dimethoate may cause crop injury.

Complete List of Tomato Crops: Bush Tomato; Cocona; Currant Tomato; Garden Huckleberry; Goji Berry; Groundcherry; Naranjilla; Sunberry; Tomatillo; Tomato; Tree Tomato; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

Specific Use Restrictions:

DO NOT apply more than 37 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
 DO NOT apply more than 0.6 lb. al./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Tree Nuts Beachnut Brazil Nut Brazil Nut Butternut Cashew Chestnut Chinquapin Filbert Hickory MacadamiaD Pecan Walnut Almonds, Pistachios (see specific use instructions)	Alternaria Leaf and Fruit Spot (Alternaria alternata) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum acutatum, Glomerella cingulata) Eastem Filbert Bilght (Anisogramma anomale) Late Bilght (Alternaria alternata) Scab (Cladosporium carpophilum) Septoria Leaf Spot (Septoria pistaciarum) Shot Hole (Wilsonomyees carpophilus) Blossom Bilght (Monilinia laxa, M. fructicola)	6.0-12.0 (0.10-0.20)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season following the hesistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. For all other diseases begin applications prior to disease development and continue at 7- to 21-day intervals infroughout the season. Do NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11. For biossom blight, begin applications at early bloom and continue through petal fall.

- Specific Use Restrictions:
 1. D0 N0T apply more than 73.8 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
 2. D0 N0T apply more than 1.2 lbs. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 3. D0 N0T apply within 45 days of harvest (45-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Tropical Fruit Acerola Atemoya Atemoya Avocado Biriba Canistel Cherimoya Custard Apple Dragon Fruit Feijoa Guava Ilama Jaboticaba Jackfruit Longan Loquat Lychee Mango Papaya Passionfruit Paypaw Persimmon Pulasan Rambudala Sapotel, Black Sapote, Marey Sapote, White Soursop Star Apple Spanist Lime Ilamannd	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.) Cercospora Leaf Spot (Cercospora spp.) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe spp.) Rust (Puccinia spp.) Soilborne Diseases Seedling Root Fot, Basal Stem Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNCICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on a 10- to 14-day schedule, following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. Pollow the resistance management guidelines in the Resistance Management Section. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNCICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11. For Soilborne/Seedling Disease Control, see directions and rates under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section.

- Specific Use Restrictions:

 1. 00 NOT apply more than 92.3 fl.oz. of product/A/season.

 2. 00 NOT apply more than 1.5/lbs. a.f./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.

 3. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Vegetables, Leaves of Root and Tuber Group and Root Subgroup Beet, Garden and Sugar ^{1,2} Burdock ^{1,2}	Foliar Diseases Alternaria Leaf Spot (Alternaria spp., A. alternata) Ascochyta Leaf Spot (Ascochyta cynarae) Rust (Uromyces betae, Puccinia helianthi) White Rust (Albugo tragopogonis)	6.0-20.0 (0.10-0.33)	For powdery mildew, make preventative applications on a 5- to 7-day schedule. For all other diseases, TREVO FUNCIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season every 7-14 days following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates.
Carrot ^{1,2} Cassava, Bitter and Sweet ¹ Celeriac (celery root) ^{1,2} Chervil, Turnip-Rooted ^{1,2} Chicory ^{1,2}	Cercospora Leaf Spot (Cercospora betae, C. pastinaceae) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe polygoni, Leveillula taurica)	9.0-15.5 (0.15-0.25)	Do not apply more than one application of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.
Dasheen (taro)¹ Ginseng² Horseradish² Parsley, Turnip-Rooted² Parsnip¹² Radish¹² Radish¹² Radish¹, Oriental (daikon)¹² Rutabega¹² Salsify² Salsify² Salsify, Black¹² Salsify, Spanish² Skirret² Sweet Potato¹ Tanier¹ Turnip¹² Yam, True¹	Soilborne Diseases Circular Spot, Southern Blight (Sclerotium rolfsii) Pythium Root Rot (Pythium aphanidermatum) Rhizoctonia Stem Caniker, Crown Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	For Soilborne/Seeding Disease Courtol, See directions and rates under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section. For sugar beets apply, 3-7 Inch banded applications in a minimum of 10 galons per acre at the 2- to 8-leaf stage. DO NOT apply as a dribble application over the seed row. Tank patitures of TREVO FUNGICIDE with crop oil concentrates (COC) or methylated spray oil (MSO) may result in crop injury. If cool soil conditions are expected after planting which could result in an extended begod of plant emergence. TREVO FUNGICIDE should not be applied in furrow. If using TREVO FUNGICIDE at the time of planting, DO NOT use a starter fertilizer with it.

¹⁼Vegetable leaves of root and tuber subgroup

- Specific Use Restrictions:

 1. D0 N0T apply more than 123 fl. oz. of product/A/season.

 2. D0 N0T apply more than 2.0 lbs. a.i/A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products,

 3. Apply as an in-furrow spray in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre.

 4. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Vegetables, Tuberous and Corm Subgroup Arracacha Arrowroot Artichoke, Chinese and Jerusalem Canna, Edible Cassava, Edible, Bitter and	Foliar Diseases Alternaria Leaf Spot (Alternaria spp., A- Alternatia Ascochyta Leaf Spot (Ascochyta cynarae) Rust (Promyces betae, Puccinia helianthi) White Rust (Albugo tragopogonis)	6.0-20.0 (0.10-0.33)	For powdery mildew, make preventative applications on a 5- to 7-day schedule. For all other diseases, TREVO FUNGICDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season every 7-14 days following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. DO NOT apply more than one application of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other
Sweet Chayote (root) Chufa Dasheen (Taro) Ginger	Cercospora Leaf Spot (Cercospora betae, C. pastinaceae) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe polygoni, Leveillula taurica)	9.0-15.5 <i>(0.15-0.25)</i>	Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.
Leren Potato Sweet Potato Tanier Turrneric Yam, Bean Yam, True	Soilborne Diseases Girçulas Spot, Southern Blight (Sclerotium rolfsil) Rhizoctonia Stem Canker, Crown Rot (Rhizoctonia solani) Pythium Boot Rot (Pythium aphanidermatum)	0.40-0.80 fl. oz./1000 row feet	For Soliborne/Seedling Disease Control, see directions and rates under the SOILBORNE/SEEDLING DISEASE CONTROL section.

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 123 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
 2. DO NOT apply more than 20 lbs. ai./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
 3. DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

²⁼Root vegetable subgroup

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Watercress	Cercospora Leaf Spot (Cercospora spp.)	6.0-15.5 (0.10-0.25)	TREVO FUNGICIDE applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on a Te to 10-day schedule, following resistance management guidelines. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVIO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicides before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11.

- 1. DO NOT apply more than 93.2 fl. oz. of product/A/season.
- 2. DO NOT apply more than 1.5 lbs. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 3. DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Cereals Wheat Triticale	Leaf Rust (Puccinia triticina = Puccinia recondita f.sp. tritici) Septoria Leaf and Glume Blotch (Septoria tritici, Septoria nodorum) Stem Rust (Puccinia graminis) Stripe Rust (Puccinia striiformis) Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repentis)	4.0-12.0 (0.07-0.20)	TREVO FUNGICIDE should be applied prior to disease development. Applications, may be made by ground, air or chemigation. A crop oil concentrate adjuvant may be added at 1.0% w/v to optimize efficacy. DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 inglicide before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11. DO NOT make more than two applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 tengicide per season.
	Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe graminis)	7.5-11.0 (0.125-0.175)	

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1. DO NOT apply after Feekes 10.54.
- DO NOT apply more than 0.40 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- **DO NOT** apply within 7 days (7-day PHI) for forage and hay.
- 4. DO NOT apply within 14 days of grazing (14-day PHI).

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A (lb. a.i./A)	REMARKS
Wild Rice	Brown Spot (<i>Bipolaris oryzae or Bipolaris sorokiana</i>) Also known as Helminthosporium oryzae and H. sativum Stem Rot (<i>Nakataea sigmoidea</i>)	12.5-15.5 (0.20-0.25)	TREVO FUNGICIDE should be applied prior to disease development. Applications may be made by ground, air or chemigation. For aerial application, volumes should be 5-10 GPA. An adjuvant may be added at specified rates. For foliar diseases, apply TREVO FUNGICIDE prior to disease development. Apply during tillering, boot, early heading, or at initial sign of disease. Under heavy disease pressure and conditions favorable for disease development, a second application may be applied. Do NOT apply more than two sequential applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicide before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 11. DO NOT make more than two applications of TREVO FUNGICIDE or other Group 11 fungicide per season.

- DD NOT treat wild rice fields used for aquaculture of fish and crustaceans.
 DD NOT apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas to non-target aquatic habitat. Applicators should use care in making applications near non-target aquatic habitats. **3. D0 NOT** apply more than 0.70 lb. a.i./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 4. DO NOT allow release of irrigation or flood water for at least 14 days after the last application.
- 5. DO NOT apply within 28 days of harvest (28-day PHI).

TREVO FUNGICIDE Rate Conversion Chart

Fl. oz. Product/A	Lb. a.i./A	Treated Acres/Gal. Product
4.0	0.07	32.0
5.0	0.08	25.6
5.5	0.09	23.2
6.0	0.10	21.3
6.2	0.10	21.3
7.0	0.11	18.3
8.5	0.14	15.4
9.0	0.15	14.2
9.2	0.15	14.2
10.0	0.16	13.0
11.0	0.18	11,6
12.0	0.20	10.4
12.3	0.20	10.4
13.0	0.21	9.8
14.0	0.23	9.1
15.4	0,25	8.3
15.5	0.25	8.3
18.3	0.30	6.9
18.5	0.30	6.9
20.0	0.33	6.4
20.3	0.33	6.4
24.5	0.40	5.2

SEED TREATMENT*

*Not approved for use as a Seed Treatment in California.

USE INFORMATION

TREVO FUNGICIDE is a broad spectrum, preventative fungicide with systemic and curative properties recommended for the control of many important plant diseases. TREVO FUNGICIDE may be applied in alternating programs or in tank mixes with other registered crop protection products. All applications should be made according to the use directions that follow.

USE PRECAUTIONS

DO NOT graze or feed clippings from treafed turk areas to animals. **DO NOT** plant the following crops for a period of 12 months since the last azoxystrobin application (unless an azoxystrobin product is registered for use on that crop); buckwheat, millet. All other crops with azoxystrobin registered uses may be planted immediately after the treated seed is planted.

SEED TREATMENT RESTRICTIONS

The Federal Seed Act requires that containers containing treated seed be labeled with the following statements:

- This seed has been treated with azoxystrobin
- . DO NOT use treated seed for feed, food, or oil purposes

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency requires the following statements on containing seed treated with azoxystrobin:

- Store treated seed away from food and feedstuffs
- DO NOT allow children, pets, or livestock to have access to treated seeds
- · Wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt and protective gloves when handling treated seed
- Treated seeds exposed on soil surface may be hazardous to wildlife. Cover or collect treated seeds spilled during loading and planting.
- Dispose of all excess treated seed by burying seed away from bodies of water
- DO NOT contaminate bodies of water when disposing of planting equipment wash water
- Dispose of seed packaging or containers in accordance with local requirements

USE PRECAUTION

When using formulations that **DO NOT** contain dye, a dye used to color the treated seed must be an EPA approved dye. Refer to 40 CFR 153.155(c). All seed treated with an economic poison must be colored to distinguish and prevent subsequent inadvertent use as a food for man or feed for animals.

SEED TREATMENT USE INFORMATION

Apply TREVO FUNGICIDE at the specified rate per 100 pounds of seed, using standard slurry or mist-type seed treatment equipment. Uniform application to seed is necessary to ensure seed safety and best disease protection. Seed should be soluted and well curred prior to treatment. Product should be diluted with sufficient water to secure seed coverage. Consult a seed treatment specialist regarding slurry rates recommended for the crop to be treated with TREVO FUNGICIDE.

It is recommended that TREVO FUNGICIDE be combined with a Pythium-active seed treatment product to offer broad spectrum protection against the seed and seedling disease complex (Rhizoctonia spp. and Pythium spp.)

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate Fl. oz. product/ cwt. seed	Remarks
Canola	Seedborne Diseases Blackleg (<i>Phoma lingam</i>) Seedling Rhizoctonia damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) Alternaria seedling blight (<i>Alternaria spp.</i>)	1.5	
Cucurbits	Seedling Rhizoctonia damping-off (Rhizoctonia solani) General seed decay fungi	0.25-1.5	
Peanut	Seedborne diseases Rhizoctonia damping-off (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.25-1.5	Suppression only
Potato	Black scurf & stem canker (Rhizoctonia solani) Silver scurf (Helminthosporium solani)	0.31-1.5	For suppression of black scurf and stem canker and for protection against silver scurf.
Sunflower	Downy Mildew (Plasmopora halstedii)	0.25-1.5	Apply TREVO FUNGICIDE at the listed rate using standard slurry or mist-type seed treatment equipment. Uniform application to seed is necessary to ensure seed safety and best disease protection.
Rice	Seedborne fungi and early season diseases Sheath blight (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.25-1.5	For protection against seedborne fungi and early season sheath blight.
Tomato	Seed decay and early season diseases Rhizoctonia damping-off (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.25-1.5	For protection against seed decay and early season Rhizoctonia damping-off.
Wheat	Seedborne diseases Common bunt (Tilletia caries) Dwarf bunt (Tilletia controversa)	0.25-1.5	For protection against seedborne diseases, common bunt and partial control of dwarf bunt.

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate Fl. oz. product/ cwt. seed	Remarks	
		NON-CROP USES		
Flower Tree Seed	Seedborne diseases Rhizoctonia damping-off (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.25-1.5	For early season protection against seedborne diseases and Rhizoctonia damping-off.	
Ornamental Seed	Seedborne diseases Rhizoctonia damping-off (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.25-1.5	For early season protection against seedborne diseases and Rhizoctonia damping-off.	
Turfgrass	Seedborne diseases Rhizoctonia damping-off (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.25-1.5	For early season protection against seedborne diseases and Rhizoctonia damping-off.	
(minociona suda)				

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original containers only. Keep container closed when not in use. DO NOT store near food or feed. In case of spill on floor or paved surfaces, mop and remove to chemical waste storage area until proper disposal can be made if product cannot be used according to the label.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for quidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[Nonrefillable Container (five gallons or less):] Nonrefillable container. D0 NOT reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if sugitable. Triple tinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store insate for later use or disposal. Train for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

[Nonrefillable Container (greater than five gallons):] Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this doubtiner. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill, the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution; for 30 seconds. Stains the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinset into application equipment or 4 mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or purpture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions tor Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, yeather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of INNVICTIS CROP CARE LLC or Seller, TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold INNVICTIS CROP CARE LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

INNVICTIS CROP CARE LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not descenable to or beyond the portroi of Seller or INNVICTIS CROP CARE LLC, and TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. INNVICTIS CROP CARE LLC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR INPULED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

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